

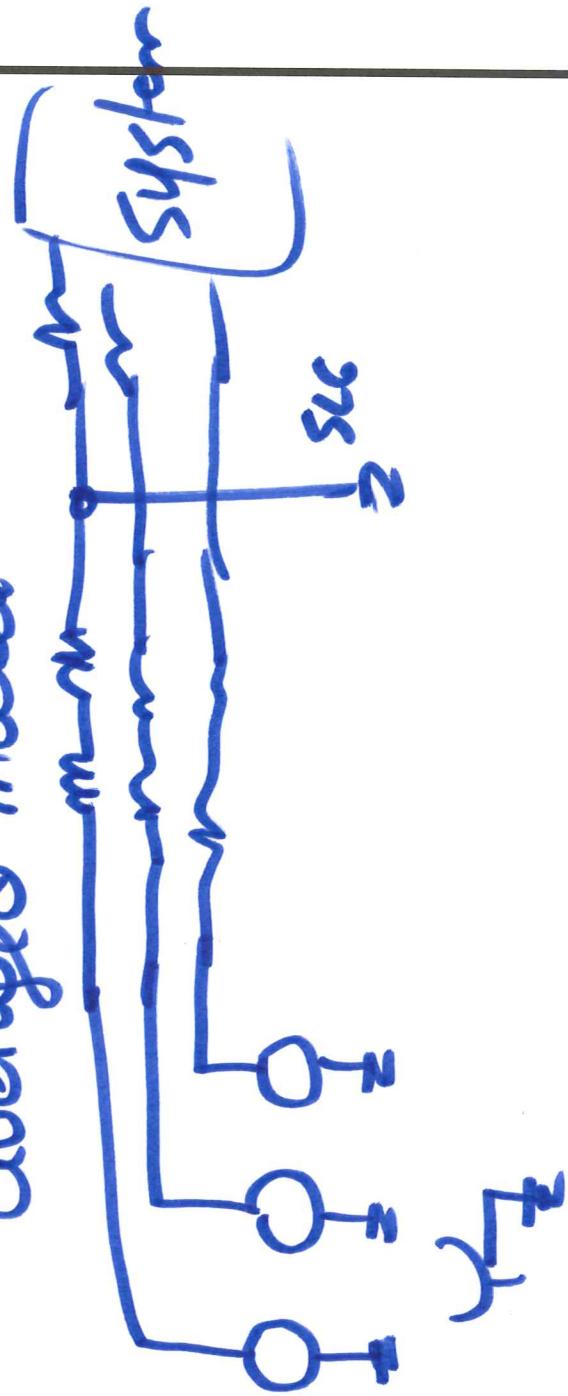
ECE 404-TD / 504-TD

ST: T&D APPLICATIONS OF
VOLTAGE SOURCE CONVERTERS

SESSION no. 44

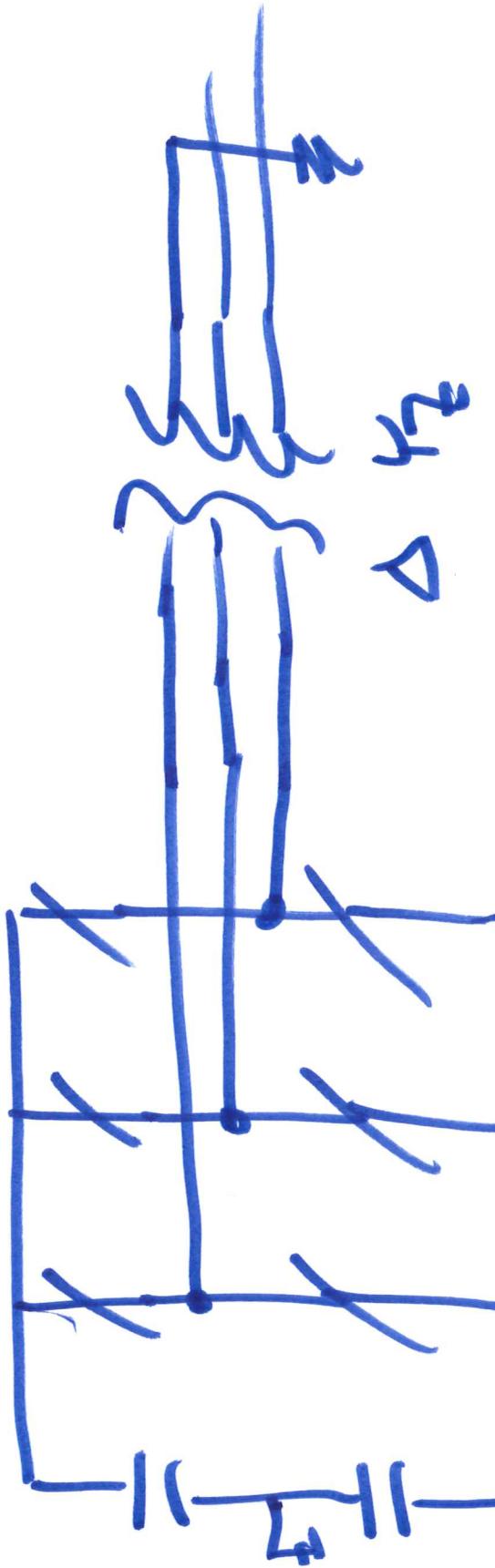
. Doing Fault Studies with VSC

→ Be careful with
averaged model



- University of Idaho -

3D Bridge

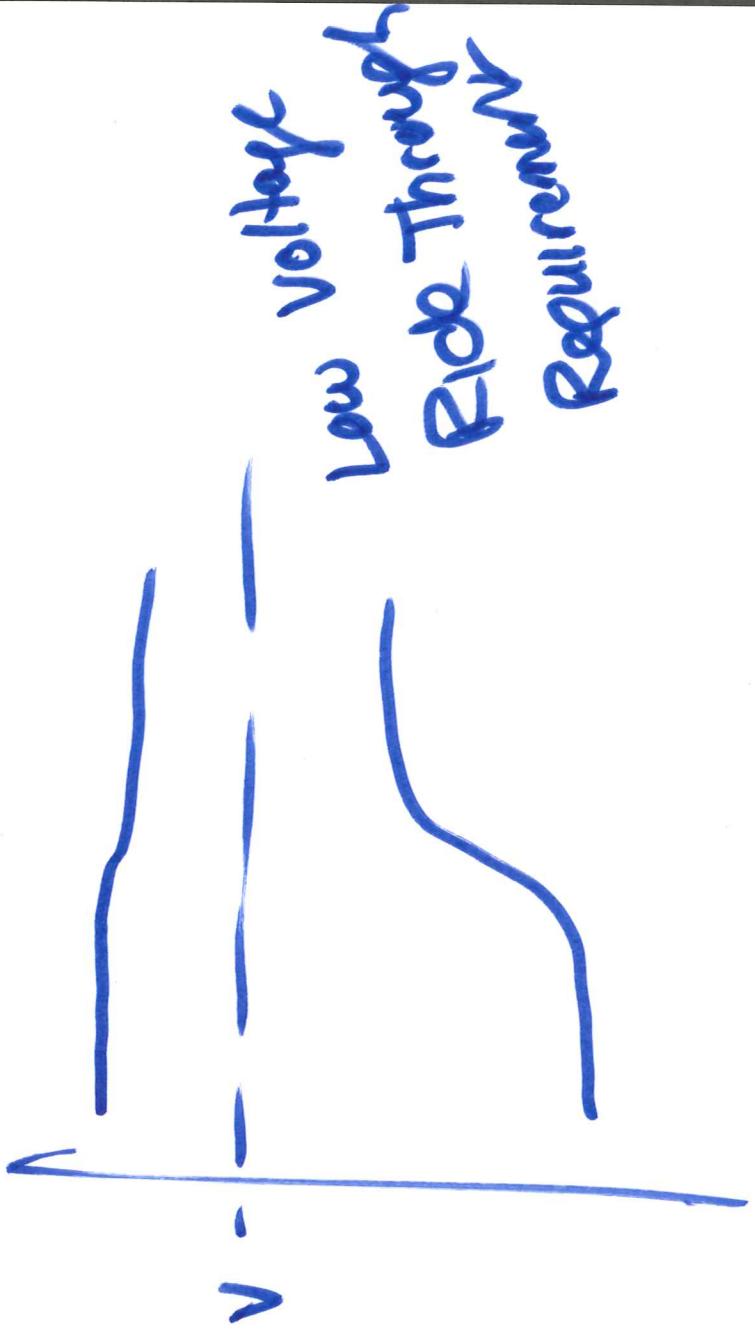


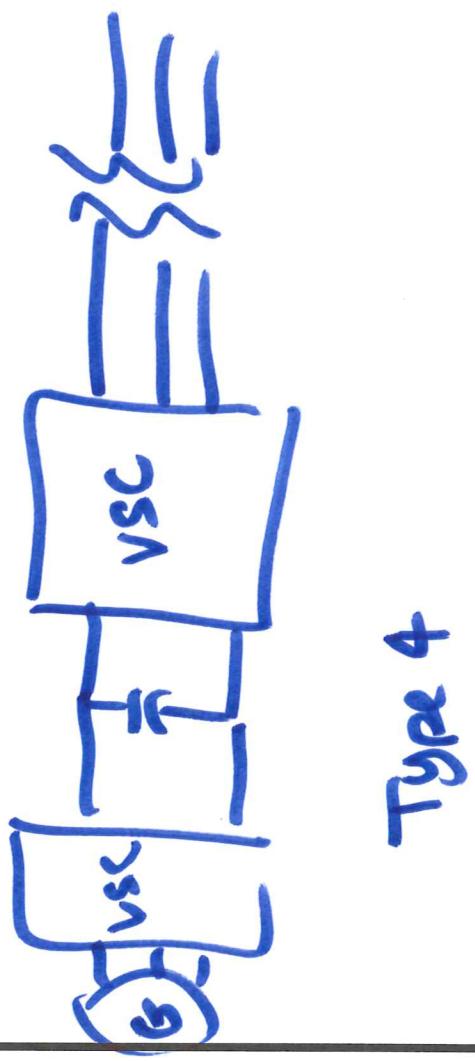
$\Delta \gamma_2$

$\Delta \gamma_1$

- when a fault on ac system occurs
 - It is not in the immediate converter system
- Assumption
on
this
discussion

Ride through requirement





Type 4

- converter controls need to identify as a fault
- V_d, V_q compare to set point tolerance;
- and if double frequency term gets large
 - and in limits stay within n limits
 - monitor current magnitudes
 - with TdeadF, Trace F with limits associated

I_n response to fault
as charge control

- I_{ref} , I_{gref} not set to main. in. P, Q at pre-fault setting
- Instead go to a current limiting mode
 - keep V_c w/in limits \rightarrow settling

line
Power out of DC

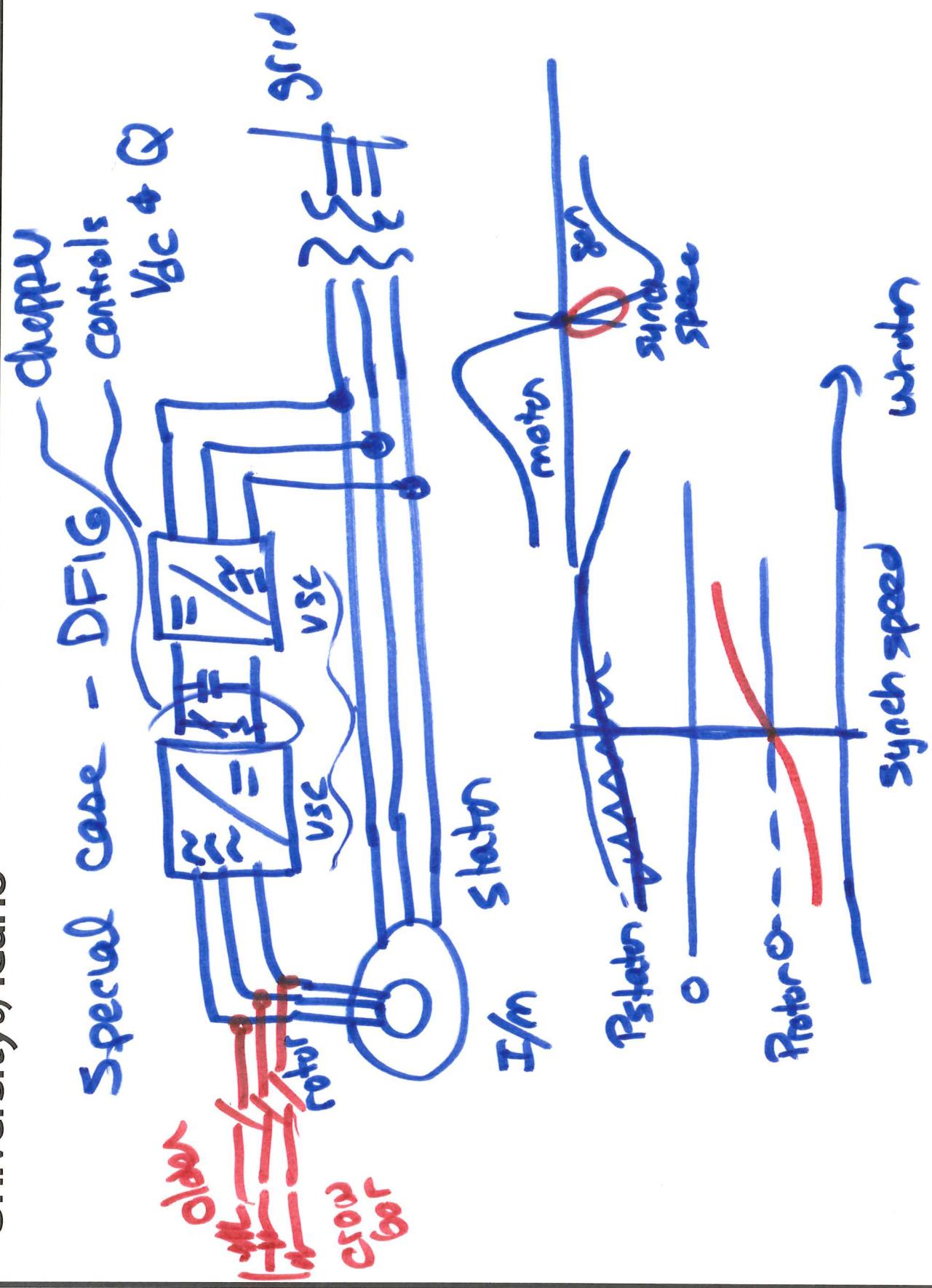
- maybe supply Q to boost voltage

most cases

- current magnitude will be slightly more than rated current
- Balanced 300 or close to balanced
- Power factor will have converter possibly supply users based on controls, not system impedance

Current reference either to

- I_{drift} } for inner current
- I_{ref} regulators
- or in some cases a
current regulated pump
similar to active



This Course

- VSC converter basics
 - single phase half bridge
 - three phase full bridge
 - boost converter
 - buck converter
 - sine wave inverter
 - square wave inverter
 - NPC + ZVS inverter
 - multi-level converters

- MMC
 - heat sinks / losses
 - wound rotor induction machines
- control of converters

 - inner or current regulation
 - outer or current regulation
- AVE ERASED methods
- α , β , δ , θ transformations
- α , β , δ , θ transformations
- implemented in Sims

- P,Q to determine
 I_{doub}, I_{qref}
- Vac regulation $\rightarrow I_{doub}$
- Vac | regulation $\rightarrow I_{qref}$
- Active harmonic filter
- AG faults - response