

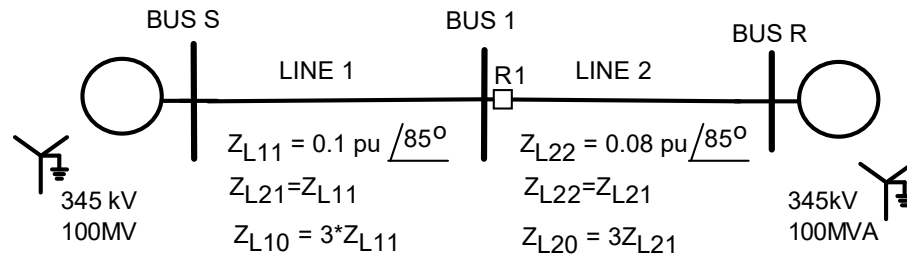
Fault Analysis with Power Flow on the System

pu := 1 MVA := 1000kW

$$a := 1e^{j \cdot 120 \text{deg}}$$

$$A_{012} := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & a^2 & a \\ 1 & a & a^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

• **Example with two sources:**



$$V_S = 1.0 \text{ pu @ } 0 \text{ deg}$$

$$Z_{S1} = j0.03 \text{ pu}$$

$$Z_{S2} = Z_{S1}$$

$$Z_{S0} = 3 \cdot Z_{S1}$$

$$Z_{L11} := 0.1 \text{ pu} \cdot e^{j \cdot 85 \text{deg}}$$

$$Z_{L11} = 0.01 + 0.1i$$

$$Z_{L12} := Z_{L11}$$

Per unit line impedances
calculated with SB=100MVA
and VB=345kV LL

$$Z_{L10} := 3 \cdot Z_{L11}$$

$$Z_{L10} = 0.03 + 0.3i$$

BUS 1

R1

LINE 2

BUS R

$$V_R = 1.0 \text{ pu at } 0 \text{ deg}$$

$$Z_{R1} = j0.06 \text{ pu}$$

$$Z_{R2} = Z_{R1}$$

$$Z_{R0} = 3 \cdot Z_{R1}$$

$$Z_{L21} := 0.08 \text{ pu} \cdot e^{j \cdot 85 \text{deg}}$$

$$Z_{L21} = 0.01 + 0.08i$$

$$Z_{L22} := Z_{L21}$$

$$Z_{S1} := j \cdot 0.03 \text{ pu}$$

$$Z_{S2} := Z_{S1}$$

$$Z_{S0} := 3Z_{S1}$$

$$Z_{R1} := j \cdot 0.06 \text{ pu}$$

$$Z_{R2} := Z_{R1}$$

$$Z_{R0} := 3Z_{R1}$$

$$Z_{L20} := 3 \cdot Z_{L21}$$

$$Z_{L20} = 0.02 + 0.24i$$

- For faults on Line 2:

$$Z_{L2_1_thev}(n) := \left[\frac{1}{Z_{S1} + Z_{L11} + n \cdot Z_{L21}} + \frac{1}{(1-n) \cdot Z_{L21} + Z_{R1}} \right]^{-1}$$

$$Z_{L2_2_thev}(n) := \left[\frac{1}{Z_{S2} + Z_{L12} + n \cdot Z_{L22}} + \frac{1}{(1-n) \cdot Z_{L22} + Z_{R2}} \right]^{-1}$$

$$Z_{L2_0_thev}(n) := \left[\frac{1}{Z_{S0} + Z_{L10} + n \cdot Z_{L20}} + \frac{1}{(1-n) \cdot Z_{L20} + Z_{R0}} \right]^{-1}$$

Impedance Matrix Approach

- Need positive, negative and zero sequence matrices

$$Y_{bus1}(m) := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{Z_{S1}} + \frac{1}{Z_{L11}} & \frac{-1}{Z_{L11}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{-1}{Z_{L11}} & \frac{1}{Z_{L11}} + \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} & 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} + \frac{1}{Z_{R1}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} \\ 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} & \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} + \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus1}}(m) := Y_{\text{bus1}}(m)^{-1}$$

$$Y_{\text{bus2}}(m) := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{Z_{S2}} + \frac{1}{Z_{L12}} & \frac{-1}{Z_{L12}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{-1}{Z_{L12}} & \frac{1}{Z_{L12}} + \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} & 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} + \frac{1}{Z_{R2}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} \\ 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} & \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} + \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus2}}(m) := Y_{\text{bus2}}(m)^{-1}$$

$$Y_{\text{bus0}}(m) := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{Z_{S0}} + \frac{1}{Z_{L10}} & \frac{-1}{Z_{L10}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{-1}{Z_{L10}} & \frac{1}{Z_{L10}} + \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} & 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} + \frac{1}{Z_{R0}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} \\ 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} & \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} + \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus0}}(m) := Y_{\text{bus0}}(m)^{-1}$$

Now add power flow based on phase angle differences

- Make Bus S the slack bus at 1.0pu
- Set Bus R magnitude and angle

$$V_{S1} := 1.0\text{pu} e^{j \cdot 0\text{deg}} \quad V_{R1} := 1.02\text{pu} e^{-j \cdot 10.074\text{deg}}$$

- This case is simple enough that we don't need to do a normal power flow solution.

$$I_{SR1} := \frac{V_{S1} - V_{R1}}{Z_{L11} + Z_{L21}} \quad |I_{SR1}| = 0.99 \cdot \text{pu} \quad \arg(I_{SR1}) = 6.37 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$V_{B1} := V_{S1} - I_{SR1} \cdot Z_{L11} \quad |V_{B1}| = 1.01 \cdot \text{pu} \quad \arg(V_{B1}) = -5.65 \cdot \text{deg}$$

- But for fault analysis we need the voltages behind the source impedances

$$V_{\text{src}_S} := V_{S1} + I_{SR1} \cdot Z_{S1} \quad |V_{\text{src}_S}| = 0.997 \quad \arg(V_{\text{src}_S}) = 1.7 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$V_{\text{src}_R} := V_{R1} - I_{SR1} \cdot Z_{R1} \quad |V_{\text{src}_R}| = 1.038 \quad \arg(V_{\text{src}_R}) = -13.22 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{s1\text{Nor}}(m) := \frac{V_{\text{src}_S}}{Z_{S1} + Z_{L11} + m \cdot Z_{L21}} \quad I_{r1\text{Nor}}(m) := \frac{V_{\text{src}_R}}{Z_{R1} + (1 - m) \cdot Z_{L21}}$$

$$I_{1_Nor}(m) := I_{s1\text{Nor}}(m) + I_{r1\text{Nor}}(m)$$

$$V_{1_Thev}(m) := I_{1_Nor}(m) \cdot Z_{L2_1_thev}(m) \quad |V_{1_Thev}(0.5)| = 1.01 \cdot \text{pu} \quad \arg(V_{1_Thev}(0.5)) = -7.87 \cdot \text{deg}$$

- SLG Fault

$$I_{f0}(m) := \frac{V_{1_Thev}(m)}{Z_{L2_1_thev}(m) + Z_{L2_2_thev}(m) + Z_{L2_0_thev}(m)} \quad I_{f1}(m) := I_{f0}(m)$$

$$I_{f2}(m) := I_{f0}(m) \quad |I_{f0}(0.5)| = 3.22 \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\arg(I_{f0}(0.5)) = -95.09 \cdot \text{deg}$$

- Fault Currents at Relay 1:

$$I_{fA1}(m) := I_{f1}(m) \cdot \left[\frac{Z_{R1} + (1 - m) \cdot Z_{L21}}{(Z_{S1} + Z_{L11} + m \cdot Z_{L21}) + [Z_{R1} + (1 - m) \cdot Z_{L21}]} \right]$$

$$|I_{fA1}(0.5)| = 1.19 \quad \arg(I_{fA1}(0.5)) = -93.76 \cdot \text{deg}$$

However, the positive sequence current seen by the relay will include the load current

$$I_{\text{relayA1}}(m) := I_{fA1}(m) + I_{SR1}$$

$$I_{\text{relayA1}}(0.5) = 0.91 - 1.08i \quad |I_{\text{relayA1}}(0.5)| = 1.41$$

$$\arg(I_{\text{relayA1}}(0.5)) = -49.96 \cdot \text{deg}$$

Negative sequence and zero sequence currents don't see load current..

$$I_{\text{relayA2}}(m) := I_{f2}(m) \cdot \left[\frac{(1 - m) \cdot Z_{L22} + Z_{R2}}{(Z_{S2} + Z_{L12} + m \cdot Z_{L22}) + [Z_{R2} + (1 - m) \cdot Z_{L22}]} \right]$$

$$|I_{\text{relayA2}}(0.5)| = 1.19 \quad \arg(I_{\text{relayA2}}(0.5)) = -93.76 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{\text{relayA0}}(m) := I_{f0}(m) \cdot \left[\frac{[(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20} + Z_{R0}]}{Z_{S0} + Z_{L10} + m \cdot Z_{L20} + [(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20} + Z_{R0}]} \right]$$

$$|I_{\text{relayA0}}(0.5)| = 1.19 \quad \arg(I_{\text{relayA0}}(0.5)) = -93.76 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$V_{\text{relayA1}}(m) := V_{\text{src}_S} - I_{\text{relayA1}}(m) \cdot (Z_{S1} + Z_{L11}) \quad |V_{\text{relayA1}}(0.5)| = 0.85 \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\arg(V_{\text{relayA1}}(0.5)) = -5.29 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$V_{\text{relayA2}}(m) := -I_{\text{relayA2}}(m) \cdot (Z_{S2} + Z_{L12}) \quad |V_{\text{relayA2}}(0.5)| = 0.15 \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\arg(V_{\text{relayA2}}(0.5)) = 172.4 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$V_{\text{relayA0}}(m) := -I_{\text{relayA0}}(m) \cdot (Z_{S0} + Z_{L10}) \quad |V_{\text{relayA0}}(0.5)| = 0.46 \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\arg(V_{\text{relayA0}}(0.5)) = 172.4 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{\text{ABC_RA}}(m) := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} I_{\text{relayA0}}(m) \\ I_{\text{relayA1}}(m) \\ I_{\text{relayA2}}(m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V_{\text{ABC_RA}}(m) := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} V_{\text{relayA0}}(m) \\ V_{\text{relayA1}}(m) \\ V_{\text{relayA2}}(m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{|I_{\text{ABC_RA}}(0.5)|} = \begin{pmatrix} 3.54 \\ 0.99 \\ 0.99 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\arg(I_{\text{ABC_RA}}(0.5))} = \begin{pmatrix} -77.75 \\ -113.63 \\ 126.37 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$\overrightarrow{|V_{ABC_RA}(0.5)|} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.23 \\ 1.18 \\ 1.2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\arg(V_{ABC_RA}(0.5))} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.82 \\ -138.99 \\ 127 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

Without load flow:

$$I_A := 3.83 \text{pu} \cdot e^{-j \cdot 85.88 \text{deg}}$$

$$V_A := 0.24 \text{pu} \cdot e^{j \cdot 0.88 \text{deg}}$$

$$I_B := 0$$

$$V_B := 1.18 \text{pu} \cdot e^{-j \cdot 132.89 \text{deg}}$$

$$I_C := 0$$

$$V_C := 1.18 \text{pu} \cdot e^{j \cdot 132.99 \text{deg}}$$

Now repeat using Zbus:

$$I_{0_SLG}(m) := \frac{V_{1_Thev}(m)}{Z_{bus1}(m)_{3,3} + Z_{bus2}(m)_{3,3} + Z_{bus0}(m)_{3,3}}$$

$$I_{1_SLG}(m) := I_{0_SLG}(m)$$

$$I_{2_SLG}(m) := I_{0_SLG}(m)$$

$$|I_{0_SLG}(0.5)| = 3.22 \quad \arg(I_{0_SLG}(0.5)) = -95.09 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{ABC_SLG}(m) := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} I_{0_SLG}(m) \\ I_{1_SLG}(m) \\ I_{2_SLG}(m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{|I_{ABC_SLG}(0.5)|} = \begin{pmatrix} 9.66 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\arg(I_{ABC_SLG}(0.5))} = \begin{pmatrix} -95.09 \\ 19.98 \\ 19.98 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

- Now find the voltages:

$$\Delta V1(m) := Z_{bus1}(m) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -I1_SLG(m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V1(m) := \begin{pmatrix} V_{S1} \\ V_{B1} \\ V_{R1} \\ V1_Thev(m) \end{pmatrix} + \Delta V1(m)$$

$$\Delta V2(m) := Z_{bus2}(m) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -I2_SLG(m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V2(m) := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \Delta V2(m)$$

$$\Delta V0(m) := Z_{bus0}(m) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -I0_SLG(m) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V0(m) := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \Delta V0(m)$$

- Relay 1 voltage:

$$V_{ABC_B1}(m) := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} V0(m)_1 \\ V1(m)_1 \\ V2(m)_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{|V_{ABC_B1}(0.5)|} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.23 \\ 1.18 \\ 1.2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\arg(V_{ABC_B1}(0.5))} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.82 \\ -138.99 \\ 127 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

Same as above....

- Relay 1 current:

$$I_{B1_F_1}(m) := \frac{V1(m)_1 - V1(m)_3}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} \quad |I_{B1_F_1}(0.5)| = 1.41 \quad \arg(I_{B1_F_1}(0.5)) = -49.96 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{B1_F_2}(m) := \frac{V2(m)_1 - V2(m)_3}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} \quad |I_{B1_F_2}(0.5)| = 1.19 \quad \arg(I_{B1_F_2}(0.5)) = -93.76 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{B1_F_0}(m) := \frac{V0(m)_1 - V0(m)_3}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} \quad |I_{B1_F_0}(0.5)| = 1.19 \quad \arg(I_{B1_F_0}(0.5)) = -93.76 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{ABC_R1}(m) := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} I_{B1_F_0}(m) \\ I_{B1_F_1}(m) \\ I_{B1_F_2}(m) \end{pmatrix} \quad \overrightarrow{|I_{ABC_R1}(0.5)|} = \begin{pmatrix} 3.54 \\ 0.99 \\ 0.99 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu} \quad \overrightarrow{\arg(I_{ABC_R1}(0.5))} = \begin{pmatrix} -77.75 \\ -113.63 \\ 126.37 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

Same as above....

Now add shunt Constant Impedance Load load at Bus 1

Now add a load of 200MVA at unity power factor at Bus 1

$$S_{\text{load}} := 200\text{MVA} \cdot e^{j \cdot 0\text{deg}}$$

$$S_{\text{loadpu}} := \frac{S_{\text{load}}}{100\text{MVA}}$$

$$Z_{\text{load}} := \frac{1.0\text{pu}}{S_{\text{loadpu}}} \quad Z_{\text{load}} = 0.5 \cdot \text{pu}$$

- Treat same in positive, negative sequence
- Powerworld leaves open in zero sequence
- Not always a realistic assumption
- Add load as an admittance at bus 1

- Need positive negative and zero sequence matrices

$$m := 0.5$$

$$Y_{\text{bus1}} := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{Z_{S1}} + \frac{1}{Z_{L11}} & \frac{-1}{Z_{L11}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{-1}{Z_{L11}} & \frac{1}{Z_{L11}} + \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} + \frac{1}{Z_{\text{load}}} & 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} + \frac{1}{Z_{R1}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} \\ 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} & \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L21}} + \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L21}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y_{\text{bus1}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.87 - 43.3i & -0.87 + 9.96i & 0 & 0 \\ -0.87 + 9.96i & 5.05 - 34.87i & 0 & -2.18 + 24.9i \\ 0 & 0 & 2.18 - 41.57i & -2.18 + 24.9i \\ 0 & -2.18 + 24.9i & -2.18 + 24.9i & 4.36 - 49.81i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus1}} := Y_{\text{bus1}}^{-1}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus1}} = \begin{pmatrix} 6.67 \times 10^{-4} + 0.03i & 0 + 0.02i & 4.88 \times 10^{-4} + 0.01i & 0 + 0.01i \\ 0 + 0.02i & 0.01 + 0.07i & 0 + 0.03i & 0.01 + 0.05i \\ 4.88 \times 10^{-4} + 0.01i & 0 + 0.03i & 0 + 0.05i & 0 + 0.04i \\ 0 + 0.01i & 0.01 + 0.05i & 0 + 0.04i & 0.01 + 0.06i \end{pmatrix}$$

- Add the load at Bus 1 in the negative sequence matrix as well.

$$Y_{\text{bus2}} := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{Z_{S2}} + \frac{1}{Z_{L12}} & \frac{-1}{Z_{L12}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{-1}{Z_{L12}} & \frac{1}{Z_{L12}} + \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} + \frac{1}{Z_{\text{load}}} & 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} + \frac{1}{Z_{R2}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} \\ 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} & \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} + \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L22}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus2}} := Y_{\text{bus2}}^{-1}$$

- But the load is not in the zero sequence matrix

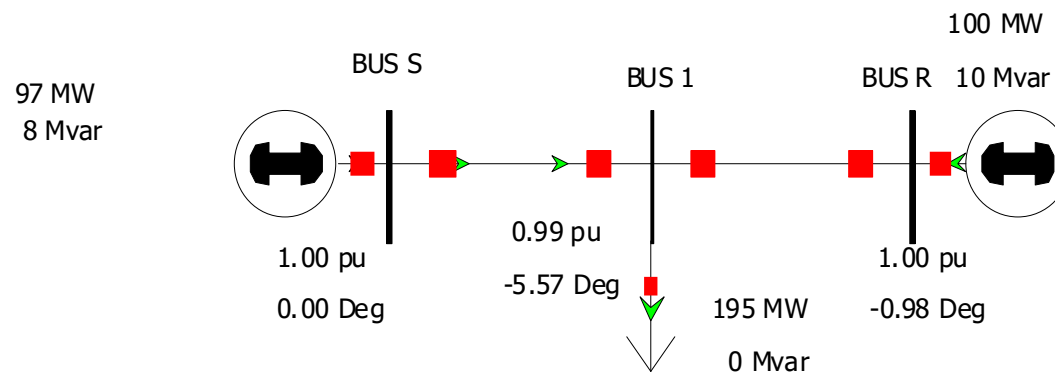
$$Y_{\text{bus0}} := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{Z_{S0}} + \frac{1}{Z_{L10}} & \frac{-1}{Z_{L10}} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{-1}{Z_{L10}} & \frac{1}{Z_{L10}} + \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} & 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} + \frac{1}{Z_{R0}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} \\ 0 & \frac{-1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} & \frac{-1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} & \frac{1}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} + \frac{1}{(1-m) \cdot Z_{L20}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y_{\text{bus0}} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.29 - 14.43i & -0.29 + 3.32i & 0 & 0 \\ -0.29 + 3.32i & 1.02 - 11.62i & 0 & -0.73 + 8.3i \\ 0 & 0 & 0.73 - 13.86i & -0.73 + 8.3i \\ 0 & -0.73 + 8.3i & -0.73 + 8.3i & 1.45 - 16.6i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus0}} := Y_{\text{bus0}}^{-1}$$

$$Z_{\text{bus0}} = \begin{pmatrix} 5.82 \times 10^{-4} + 0.08i & -3.88 \times 10^{-4} + 0.05i & -0 + 0.02i & -7.76 \times 10^{-4} + 0.03i \\ -3.88 \times 10^{-4} + 0.05i & 0.01 + 0.2i & 7.76 \times 10^{-4} + 0.09i & 0.01 + 0.14i \\ -0 + 0.02i & 7.76 \times 10^{-4} + 0.09i & 0 + 0.14i & 0 + 0.11i \\ -7.76 \times 10^{-4} + 0.03i & 0.01 + 0.14i & 0 + 0.11i & 0.01 + 0.19i \end{pmatrix}$$

- Powerflow simulation needed to find the bus voltages
- Set generator 2 at 100MW



- Bus Voltages from powerflow results (add the fault point so the powerflow results include it):

$$\angle(\text{mag}, \text{ang}) := \text{mag} \cdot \cos(\text{ang} \cdot \text{deg}) + j \cdot \text{mag} \cdot \sin(\text{ang} \cdot \text{deg})$$

$$\text{BUS S: } V_S := (1.0\text{pu}) \angle 0.0$$

$$\text{BUS 1: } V_1 := (0.9885) \angle -5.57$$

$$\text{BUS R: } V_R := (1.0) \angle -0.98$$

$$\text{BUS F: } V_{\text{faultpt}} := (0.9934) \angle -3.26$$

$$I_{0_SLG} := \frac{V_{\text{faultpt}}}{Z_{\text{bus}1_{3,3}} + Z_{\text{bus}2_{3,3}} + Z_{\text{bus}0_{3,3}}}$$

$$I_{1_SLG} := I_{0_SLG}$$

$$I_{2_SLG} := I_{0_SLG}$$

$$|I_{0_SLG}| = 3.17$$

$$\arg(I_{0_SLG}) = -88.83 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{\text{ABC_SLG}} := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} I_{0_SLG} \\ I_{1_SLG} \\ I_{2_SLG} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{I_{\text{ABC_SLG}}} = \begin{pmatrix} 9.516 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\arg(I_{\text{ABC_SLG}})} = \begin{pmatrix} -88.83 \\ 27.81 \\ 27.81 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

- Now find the voltages:

$$\Delta V1 := Z_{\text{bus}1} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -I_{1_SLG} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V1 := \begin{pmatrix} V_S \\ V_1 \\ V_R \\ V_{\text{faultpt}} \end{pmatrix} + \Delta V1$$

$$\Delta V_2 := Z_{\text{bus}2} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -I_2_{\text{SLG}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V_2 := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \Delta V_2$$

$$\Delta V_0 := Z_{\text{bus}0} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -I_0_{\text{SLG}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V_0 := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \Delta V_0$$

- Relay 1 voltage:

$$V_{\text{ABC_B1}} := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} V_{01} \\ V_{11} \\ V_{21} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{|V_{\text{ABC_B1}}|} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.2328 \\ 1.2038 \\ 1.1417 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\arg(V_{\text{ABC_B1}})} = \begin{pmatrix} -9.52 \\ -137.28 \\ 128.99 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

- Relay 1 current:

$$I_{\text{B1_F_1}} := \frac{V_{11} - V_{13}}{m \cdot Z_{L21}}$$

$$|I_{\text{B1_F_1}}| = 1.35$$

$$\arg(I_{\text{B1_F_1}}) = -126.61 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{B1_F_2} := \frac{V2_1 - V2_3}{m \cdot Z_{L22}} \quad |I_{B1_F_2}| = 1.21 \quad \arg(I_{B1_F_2}) = -80.81 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{B1_F_0} := \frac{V0_1 - V0_3}{m \cdot Z_{L20}} \quad |I_{B1_F_0}| = 1.17 \quad \arg(I_{B1_F_0}) = -87.5 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$I_{ABC_R1} := A_{012} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} I_{B1_F_0} \\ I_{B1_F_1} \\ I_{B1_F_2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \overrightarrow{|I_{ABC_R1}|} = \begin{pmatrix} 3.5 \\ 0.95 \\ 0.94 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{pu} \quad \overrightarrow{\arg(-I_{ABC_R1})} = \begin{pmatrix} 80.78 \\ -118.61 \\ 106.15 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$

Without load flow we would see:

$$I_A := 3.83 \text{pu} \cdot e^{-j \cdot 85.88 \text{deg}}$$

$$I_B := 0$$

$$I_C := 0$$

$$V_A := 0.24 \text{pu} \cdot e^{j \cdot 0.88 \text{deg}}$$

$$V_B := 1.18 \text{pu} \cdot e^{-j \cdot 132.89 \text{deg}}$$

$$V_C := 1.18 \text{pu} \cdot e^{j \cdot 132.99 \text{deg}}$$

$$\overrightarrow{\arg(I_{ABC_R1})} = \begin{pmatrix} -99.22 \\ 61.39 \\ -73.85 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \text{deg}$$