ECE 523, Lect 17

Two phase open sequence connections

$$Z_{\rm B}$$
 = $Z_{\rm C}$ = ∞

• Boundary conditions in ABC domain:

$$I_b = I_c = 0$$

$$V_{aa'} = Z_A \cdot I_a$$

- Transform boundary conditions to sequence domain
 - Result for currents is similar to that for a SLG fault:

$$I_0 = I_1 = I_2 = \frac{I_a}{3}$$

- implies series connection of sequence blocks
- voltage equation mapped to sequence domain:

$$V_{aa'0} + V_{aa'1} + V_{aa'2} = Z_A \cdot (I_0 + I_1 + I_2)$$

• Rearrange equation grouping terms:

$$(V_{aa'0} - Z_{A} \cdot I_0) + (V_{aa'1} - Z_{A} \cdot I_1) + (V_{aa'2} - Z_{A} \cdot I_2) = 0$$