

1 Calculating Instantaneous Power

$$p(t) = v(t)i(t)$$

Where

$$v(t) = V_{dc} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \alpha_m)$$

and

$$i(t) = I_{dc} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} i_{pk,n} \cos(n\omega t + \beta_n)$$

The average power can then be calculated from:

$$\begin{aligned} P_{ave} &= \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} p(t) dt \\ &= \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} V_{dc} I_{dc} dt + \\ &\quad \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} V_{dc} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} I_{pk,n} \cos(n\omega t + \beta_n) dt + \\ &\quad \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} I_{dc} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \alpha_m) dt + \\ &\quad \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} \left(\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \alpha_m) \right) \left(\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} I_{pk,n} \cos(n\omega t + \beta_n) \right) dt \\ &= V_{dc} I_{dc} + \\ &\quad \frac{V_{dc}}{T} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_t^{t+T} I_{pk,n} \cos(n\omega t + \alpha_n) dt + \\ &\quad \frac{I_{dc}}{T} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \int_t^{t+T} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \beta_m) dt + \\ &\quad \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \alpha_m) I_{pk,n} \cos(n\omega t + \beta_n) dt \end{aligned}$$

We can use the results of section 1.1 on the next page to simplify the equation for P_{ave} as follows:

$$P_{ave} = V_{dc}I_{dc} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \alpha_m) I_{pk,n} \cos(n\omega t + \beta_n) dt$$

Then we can simplify the product term by using the results of section 1.2 on page 4:

$$P_{ave} = V_{dc}I_{dc} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \alpha_m) I_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \beta_m) dt$$

So :

$$P_{ave} = V_{dc}I_{dc} + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} V_{rms,m} I_{rms,m} \cos(\alpha_m - \beta_m)$$

1.1 Integration of Sinusoid Over One Period

Assume $k \neq 0$

$$\text{and } T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_t^{t+T} \cos(k\omega t + \psi) dt &= \left. \frac{\sin(k\omega t + \psi)}{k\omega} \right|_t^{t+T} \\ &= \frac{\sin(k\omega(t+T) + \psi) - \sin(k\omega t + \psi)}{k\omega} \\ &= \frac{\sin(k\omega t + k\omega T + \psi) - \sin(k\omega t + \psi)}{k\omega} \\ &= \frac{\sin(k\omega t + k2\pi + \psi) - \sin(k\omega t + \psi)}{k\omega} \\ &= \frac{\sin(k\omega t + \psi) - \sin(k\omega t + \psi)}{k\omega} \\ &= \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_t^{t+T} \cos(k\omega t + \psi) dt = \mathbf{0}$$

1.2 Integrals of Products of Sinusoids

$$\begin{aligned} P'_{ave} &= \frac{1}{T} \int_t^{t+T} V_{pk,m} \cos(m\omega t + \alpha_m) I_{pk,n} \cos(n\omega t + \beta_n) dt \\ &= \frac{V_{pk,m} I_{pk,n}}{2T} \int_t^{t+T} \cos[(m-n)\omega t + \alpha_m - \beta_n] dt + \\ &\quad \frac{V_{pk,m} I_{pk,n}}{2T} \int_t^{t+T} \cos[(m+n)\omega t + \alpha_m + \beta_n] dt \\ &= \frac{V_{rms,m} I_{rms,n}}{T} \int_t^{t+T} \cos[(m-n)\omega t + \alpha_m - \beta_n] dt + \\ &\quad \frac{V_{rms,m} I_{rms,n}}{T} \int_t^{t+T} \cos[(m+n)\omega t + \alpha_m + \beta_n] dt \end{aligned}$$

Case I. $m \neq n$:
From section 1.1 $P'_{ave} = 0.0$

Case II. $m = n$:

$$\begin{aligned} P'_{ave} &= \frac{V_{rms,m} I_{rms,m}}{T} \int_t^{t+T} \cos(\alpha_m - \beta_m) + \cos(2m\omega t + \alpha_m + \beta_m) dt \\ &= \frac{V_{rms,m} I_{rms,m}}{T} \cos(\alpha_m - \beta_m) \int_t^{t+T} dt \\ &= V_{rms,m} I_{rms,m} \cos(\alpha_m - \beta_m) \end{aligned}$$